



# eXtensible Access Control Markup Language (XACML)

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# Outline

- **Introduction to XACML**
- **XACML 3.0: Coming soon!**
  - > Administrative Policy and Delegation
  - > XACML policy assertions

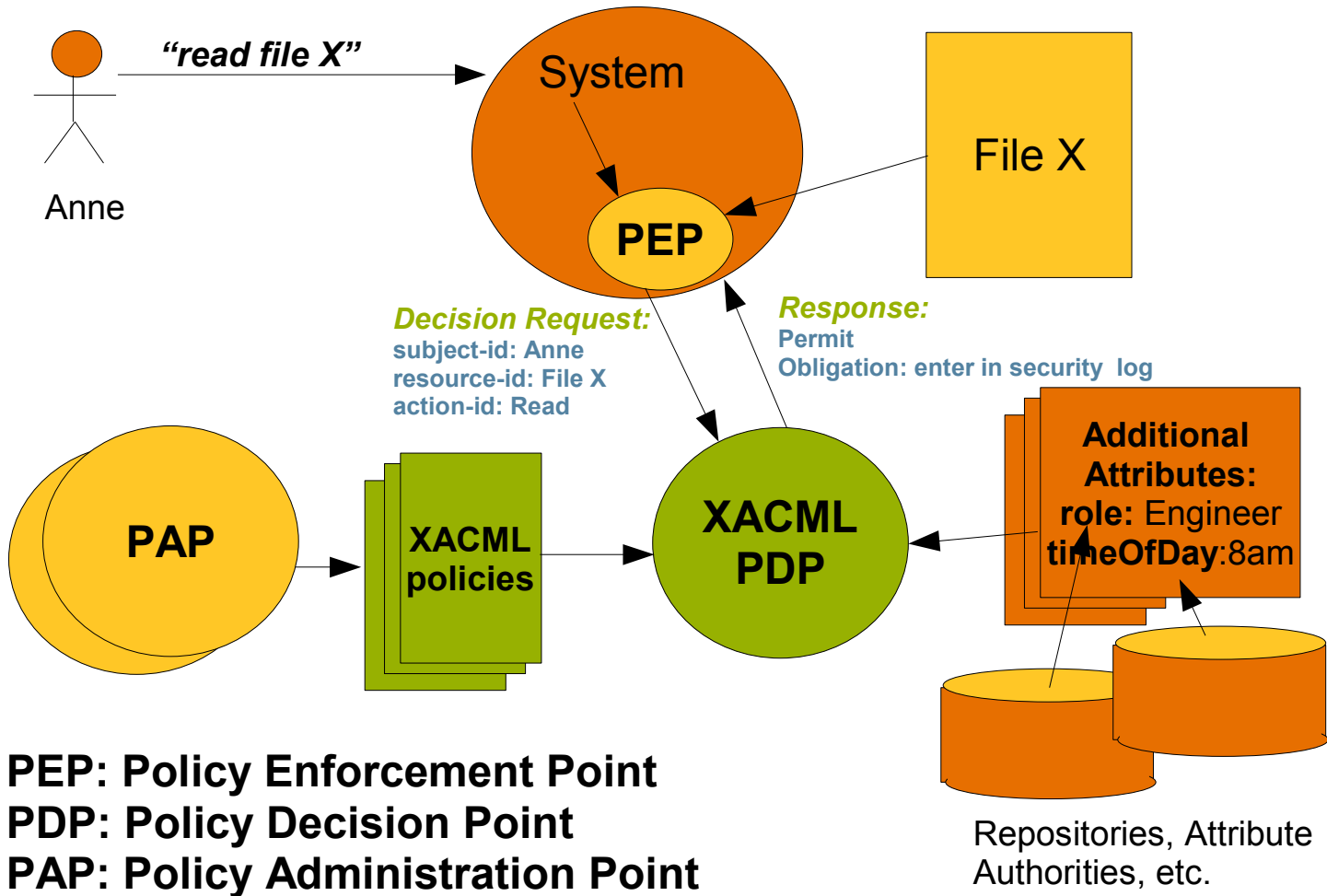
# What is XACML?

- “eXtensible Access Control Markup Language”
  - Pronounced “X-akamull”, “X-A-C-M-L”, “zakamull”
- Language for describing authorization and privacy policies in XML
  - Once identity is authenticated, what can the identity do?
  - WHO  
can have access to WHAT,  
under which CONDITIONS,  
for which PURPOSES
- OASIS and ITU-T Standard

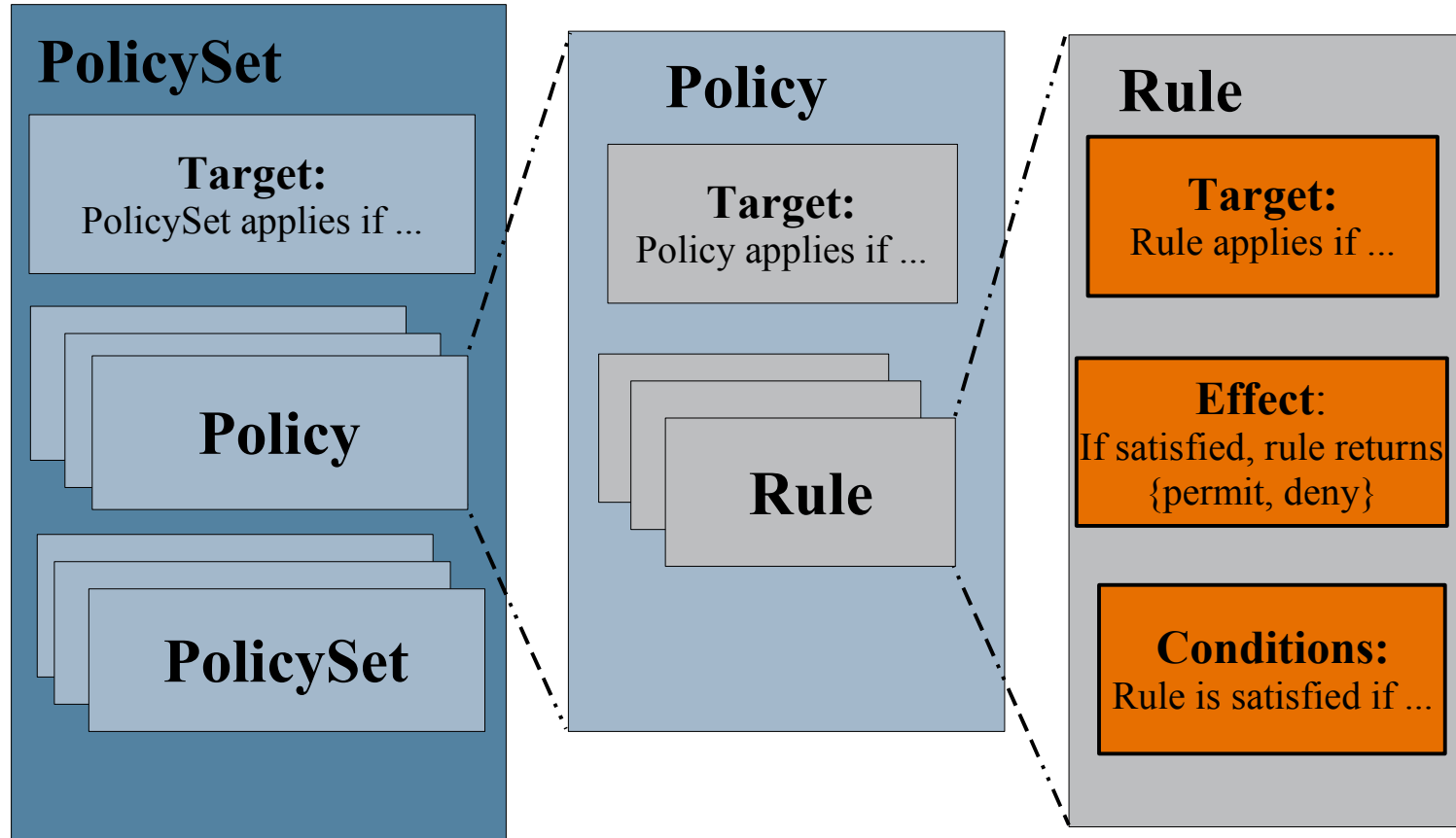
# Why use XACML?

- Standard policy format
  - Share highly expressive policies across applications
  - Ease of use; common policy authoring and management tools
  - Maintain policy consistency
  - Auditing
- XML document access control
  - “Permit read if user is the patient named in the record”
- Control access to any type of resource
  - Not just for XML documents

# How Does XACML Work?



# XACML Policy Structure



# A Simple XACML Rule

```
<Rule Effect="Permit">
```

```
  <Target>
```

```
    File X
```

```
  </Target>
```

Target can depend on Subject,  
Resource, Action, ...

```
  <Condition>
```

```
    <Apply FunctionId="AND">
```

```
      Role="Engineer",
```

```
      Action="Read",
```

```
      Time ≥ 8am,
```

```
      Time ≤ 5pm
```

```
    </Apply>
```

```
  </Condition>
```

Condition can use ~100 std  
functions, may be nested

```
</Rule>
```

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  - > **Administrative Policy and Delegation**
  - > XACML Policy Assertions



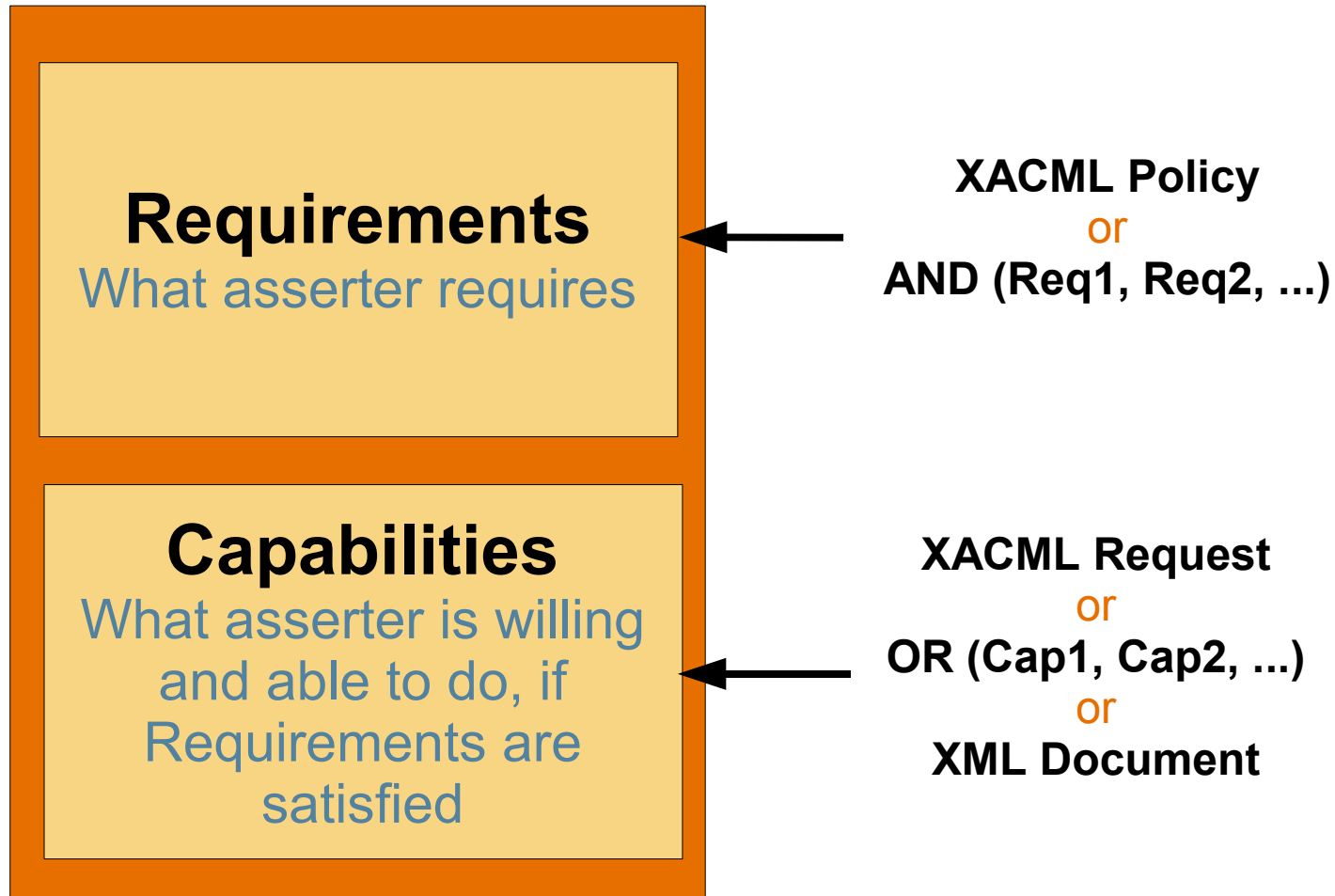
# XACML 3.0: Administrative Policy and Delegation

- Administrative Policy
  - > Who is allowed to write policies about what
- Delegation
  - > Allowing someone else to do something you are allowed to do

# XACML 3.0: XACML Policy Assertions (WS-XACML)

- Format for “published” Web Services XACML policies
- Consumers can match against their Assertions
- Can be used in a W3C WS-Policy
- Current XACML Assertion Types:
  - > **XACMLAuthzAssertion**: Authorization policies
  - > **XACMLPrivacyAssertion**: Privacy policies

# XACMLAssertionAbstractType



# XACMLPrivacyAssertion Example

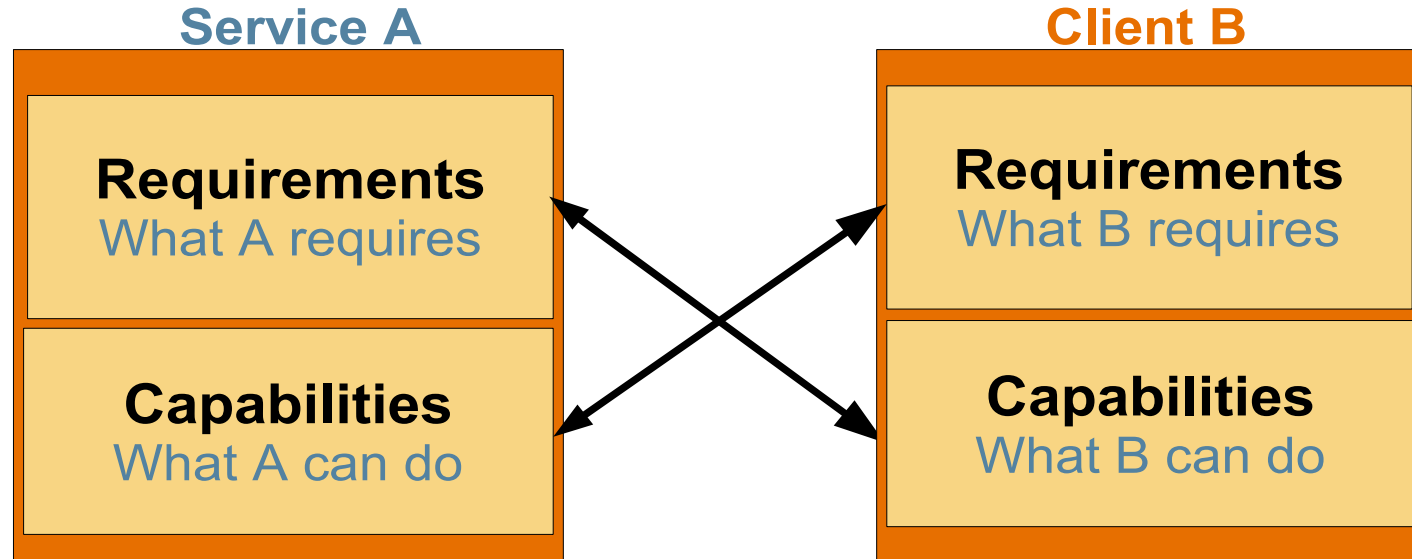
## Requirements

- No release of PII to 3<sup>rd</sup> party
- Delete PII after transaction
- Service identity authenticated

## Capabilities

- Provide my name
- Provide my address
- Provide my credit card#

# XACML Assertion Matching



**Service A** is satisfied if B's Capabilities satisfy A's Requirements.  
**Client B** is satisfied if A's Capabilities satisfy B's Requirements.

Each can supply only the minimum necessary Capabilities.

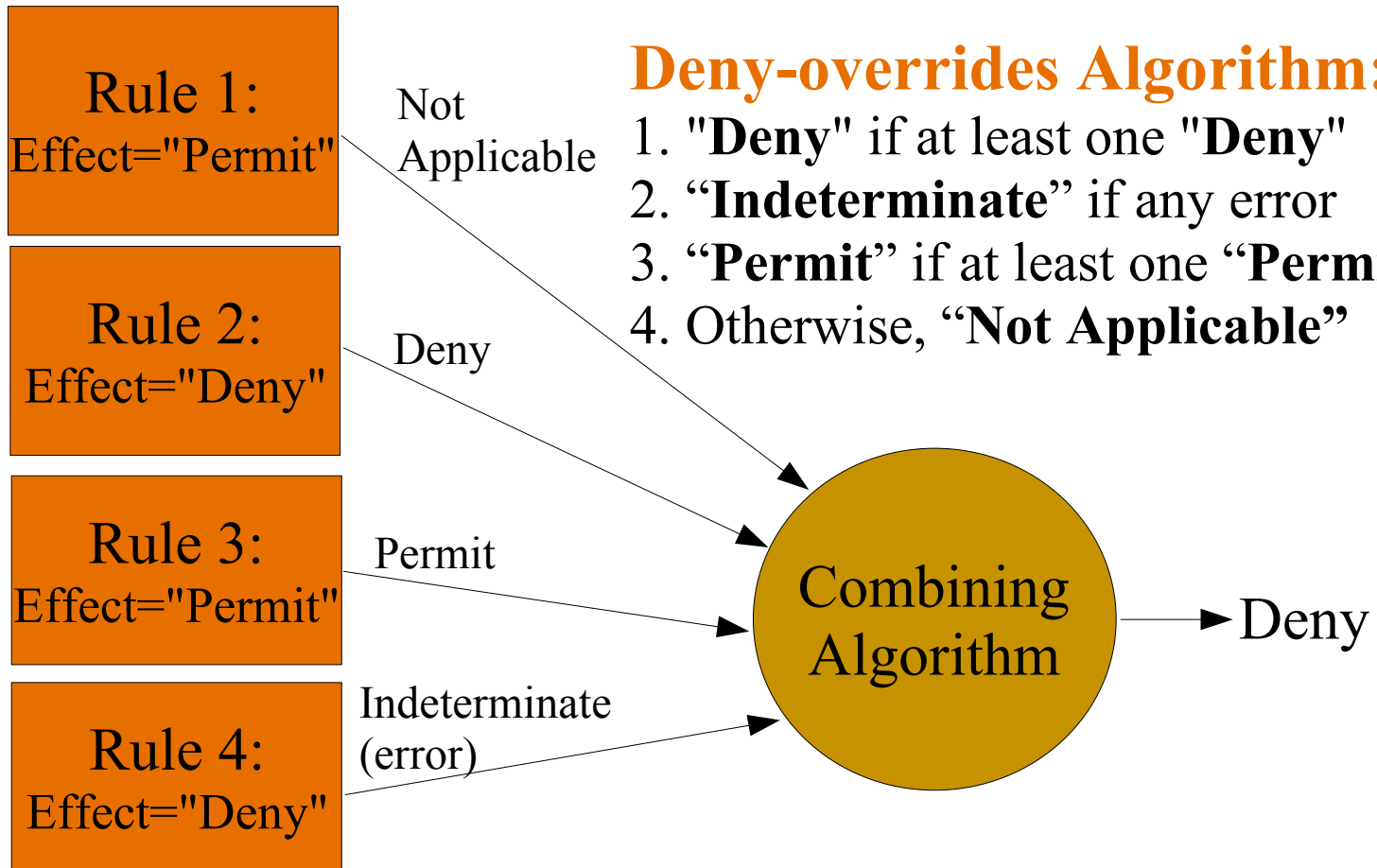
# XACML

# Questions?

# XACML References

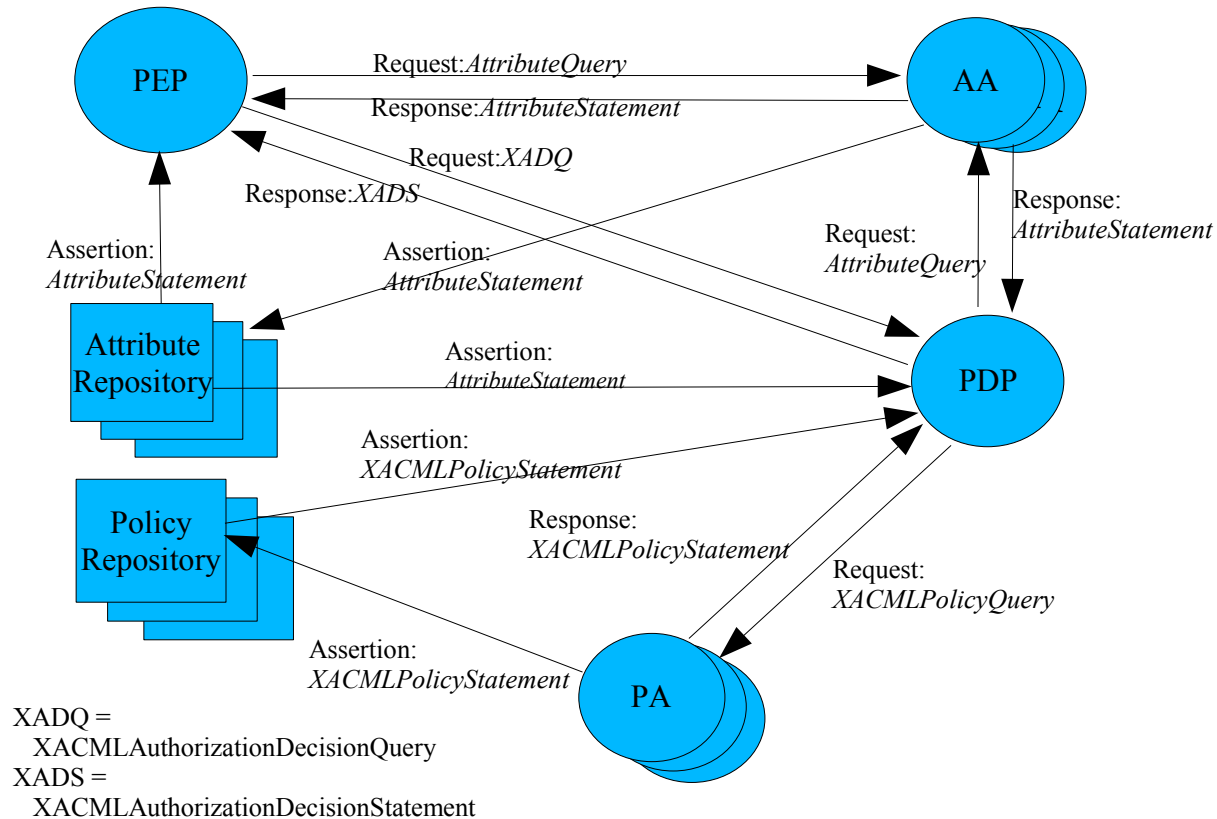
- [1] *eXtensible Access Control Markup Language (XACML)*, OASIS XACML Technical Committee, all versions and profiles, <http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/xacml>
- [2] *Web Services Profile of XACML (WS-XACML) Version 1.0*, Working Draft 8, 12 December 2006, OASIS XACML Technical Committee, <http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/download.php/21490/xacml-3.0-profile-webservices-spec-v1.0-wd-8-en.pdf>

# Combining Algorithm Example





# XACML and SAML





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