

# 45th Space Wing

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# **Building a Virtual Enterprise:**Sharing and Integrating Data Among Multiple Organizations



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#### **Purpose and Overview**

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#### PURPOSE

- Present an overview of the "virtual enterprise" represented by the many organizations involved in space launch and range operations at the Eastern Range
- Describe the technical and organizational challenges created by the virtual enterprise for integrating and sharing data
- Describe a strategy and practical approach for meeting these challenges and how organizational issues impact the technology solutions

#### OVERVIEW

- Background and Challenges
- Vision: Building a Single Integrated Range Picture
- Approach: Knowledge Management Initiative
  - Forming a Community of Interest
  - Building a Knowledge Management Framework
  - Creating Specific Applications



#### 45th Space Wing and the Eastern Range

- The 45th Space Wing (45 SW), headquartered at Patrick AFB, FL, provides space launch and range support for:
  - Air Force, Department of Defense (DoD), civil, and commercial space launch missions
  - DoD submarine launch ballistic missile Test and Evaluation missions





- 45 SW operates and maintains the Eastern Range
  - Launch head at Cape Canaveral Air Force Station
  - Remote stations as far away as Ascension Air Station off the coast of Africa--15 million sq miles
  - Includes launch complexes, processing facilities, tracking radar, optical systems, telemetry, command destruct systems, and communications systems
  - Work performed primarily through major service contracts
  - Work with many customers and contractors
     —a virtual enterprise of stakeholders



#### Virtual Enterprise Defined

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- Virtual (Webster's Dictionary)
  - Existing in effect though not in actual fact, form or name
- Enterprise (Webster's Dictionary)
  - An undertaking of great scope and complexity
- Virtual Enterprise
  - An organization of great scope and complexity that exists, in effect, though not in actual fact, form or name
- The Eastern Range organizations that participate in space launch and range operations in effect form a virtual enterprise

**Virtual** 



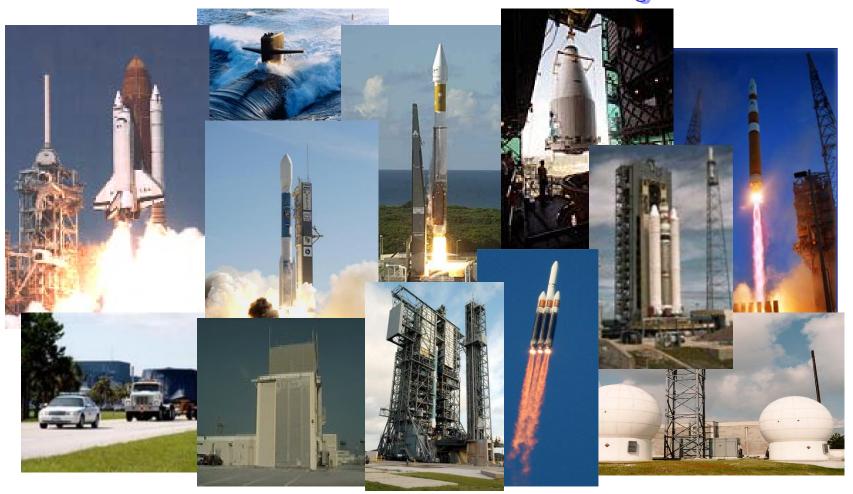
**Enterprise** 

Cape Canaveral Air Force Station—Eastern Range launch head



#### Many Organizations Involved

45SW \*\* LOSC \*\* RTSC \*\* JBOSC \*\* NASA \*\* SMC \*\* Boeing \*\* Lockheed Martin



Delta II \*\* Delta IV \*\* Pegasus \*\* Shuttle \*\* Atlas V \*\* Titan IV \*\* Spacecraft \*\* Navy



# Many Activities to Coordinate

Launch Vehicle Processing \*\* Spacecraft Processing \*\* Facilities Management



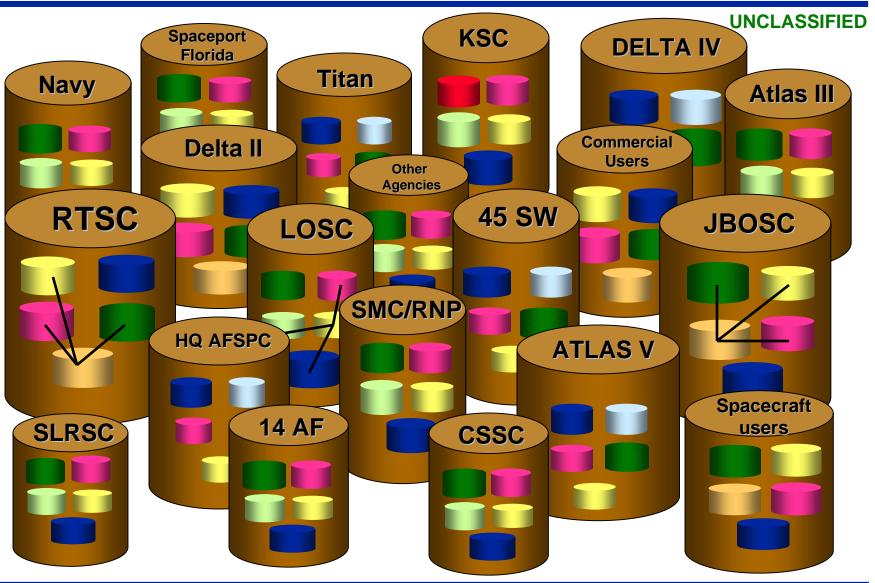
Telemetry Support \*\* Communications Support \*\* Safety \*\* Security \*\* Logistics

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#### Many Information Sources





#### The Virtual Enterprise at the Eastern Range

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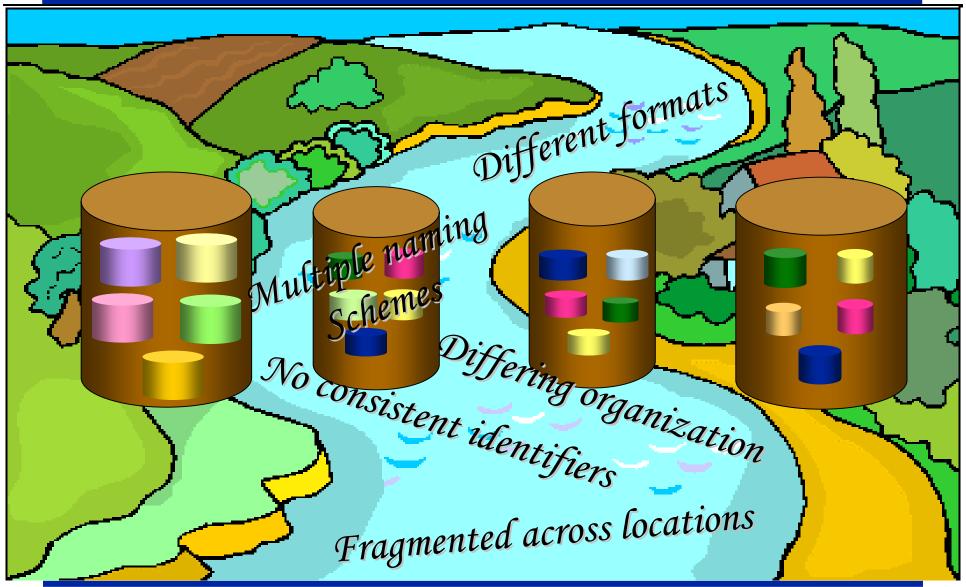
- The virtual enterprise at the Eastern Range is complex with many organizations interacting to differing degrees through many activities
- There is no one central organization that controls everything, but many independent/related organizations that collaborate
- It exists, in effect, to support a common purpose:
   the space launch and range operations mission

#### The Information Sharing Problem:

The enterprise produces non-integrated information located in many different, distributed data sources owned by various organizations



# Many Barriers to Information Access





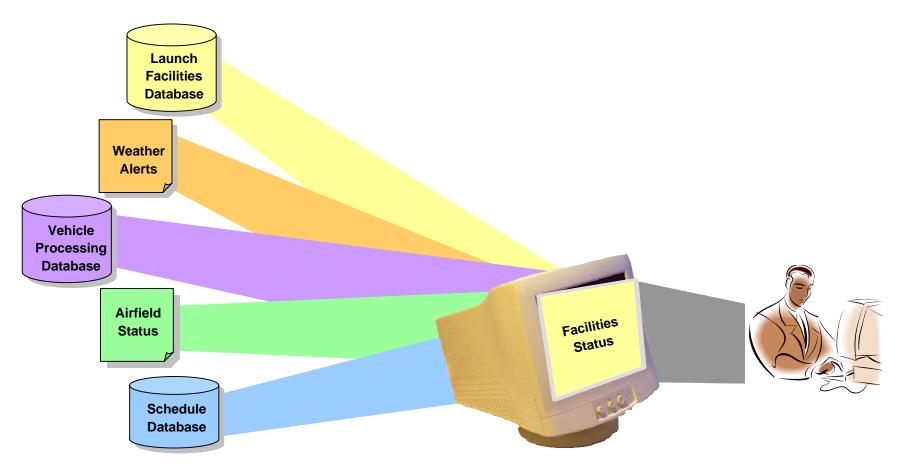
# Result: Fragmented Range Picture





#### Fragmented Applications

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Many applications currently provide <u>non-integrated</u> information



#### **Vision**





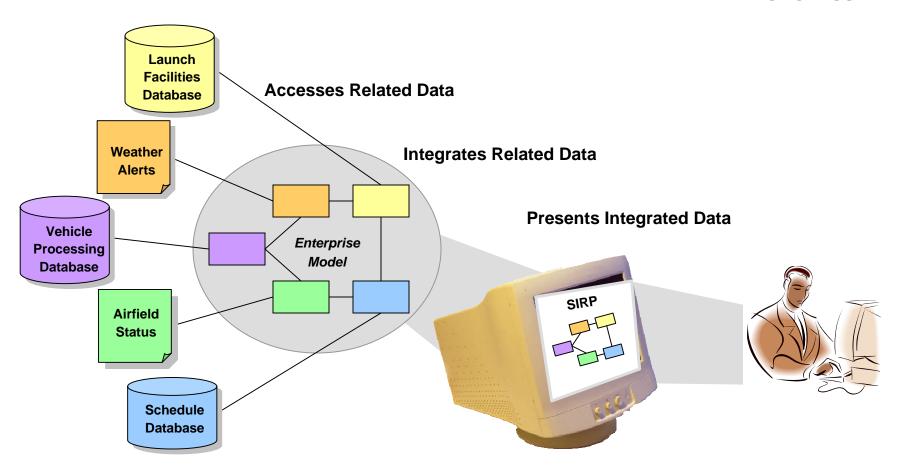
#### Knowledge Management Initiative

- The Knowledge Management Initiative is the 45 SW's strategy for implementing a Single Integrated Range Picture vision
  - Understand the information integration challenges
  - Work as a team to share information
  - Build a vision and strategy for addressing challenges
  - Develop technical framework for data integration and sharing
- The Knowledge Management Framework (KMF) is the 45 SW's technical approach to integrating/sharing disparate information
  - Access data on demand without impact to operational systems
  - Deliver it where and when needed in the right formats
  - Integrate distributed information via an Enterprise Model (ontology)
    of Eastern Range concepts and relationships
  - Provide single, integrated views to new or commonly used applications



#### KM Framework Concept

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KMF provides a <u>Single Integrated Range Picture</u>







# Organizational Challenges

- Different organizations with different agendas
  - Corporate cultures/attitudes toward information sharing
  - Conflicting motivations: government vs. commercial
  - Competition issues for commercial companies
- Concerns about sharing data
  - Ownership of data--concern over loss of control
  - Data used out of context
  - Exposing "dirty" data
  - Impact on internal processes
- Security
  - Protection of commercial proprietary data and intellectual property
  - Government concern for sensitive data and operational security
- Focus on immediate information need vs. long term vision
  - No single organization owns "information sharing" mission
  - Everyone has a piece of the puzzle and no one has responsibility for the single integrated picture
  - Focus is on "urgent" vs. "important"



#### Technical Challenges

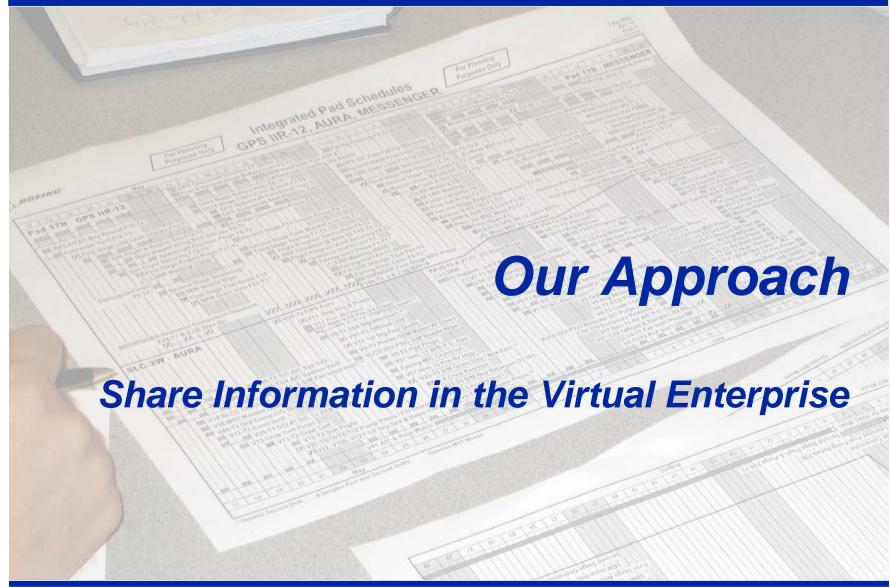
- Connectivity and security
  - Access control across multiple organizations
  - Access control for specific data
  - Firewalls between organizations
  - Data aggregation concern
- Heterogeneous data
  - Data not designed to be shared outside of its native application/database
  - Every database has different schema and/or data definitions
    - Often represents different domain paradigms
    - Different paradigms drive different semantics
    - Business rules may be encoded in schema or data definitions
  - Data sources often developed many years ago
    - Ad hoc data designs
    - Little documentation available



#### Technical Challenges

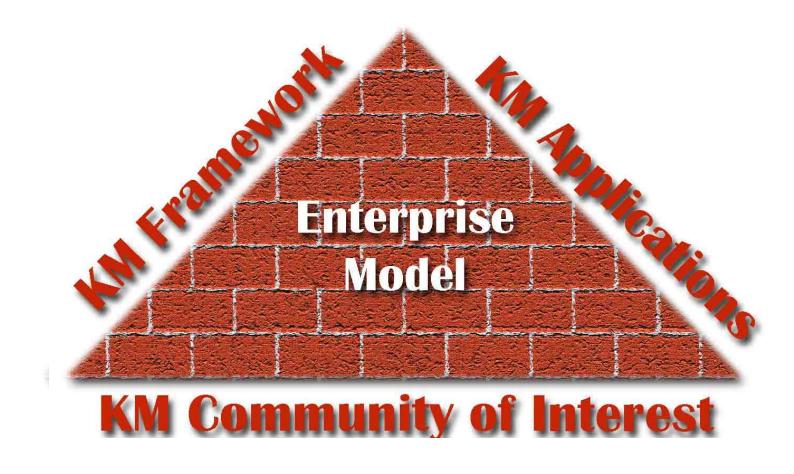
- Mapping data to a unified representation
  - Building complex data models, ontologies, and metadata is an art
  - Requires expert data modelers/knowledge engineers
  - Requires subject matter expertise
  - Deciphering embedded business rules and encoded data is difficult
  - Available tools are limited
  - Unstructured data (email, documents, etc.) still a challenge
- Data synchronization and currency
  - Different sources have different data currencies
  - Different data currencies hamper synchronization
- Handling conflicting data
- Rapidly evolving standards
- Performance issues due to size, connectivity and complexity







#### Knowledge Management Building Blocks





# The Enterprise Model



#### Ontology-Based Enterprise Model

**UNCLASSIFIED VISTA** Web **Browsers Microsoft** Resource **Project Allocation Viewer** Specific (custom) **General Ontology-Based Applications Applications Enterprise Model Concepts** OWL 🔷 **Attributes Import / Export** Relations Legacy Legacy **Database Document Sources Archives** 



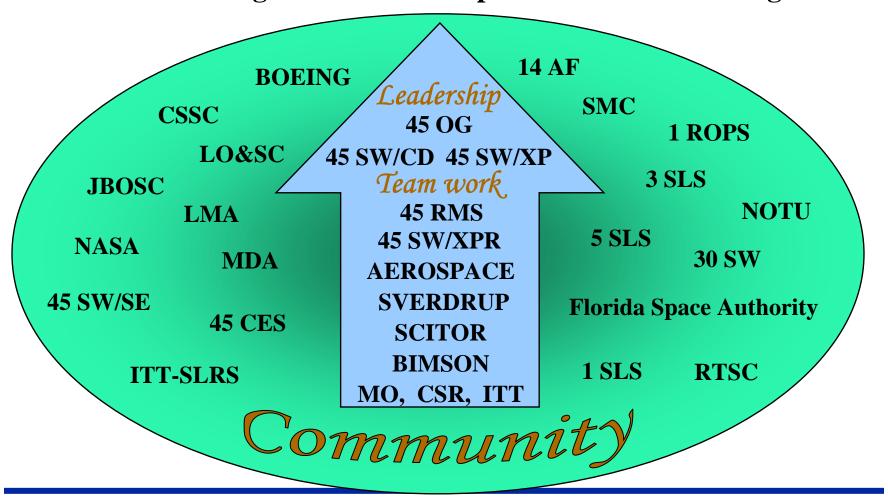




#### Community of Interest

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Inclusive DoD term used to describe collaborative groups of users who must exchange information in pursuit of their shared goals.





## **Building the Community**

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#### Principles

- Ownership: The organization that owns the information controls the sharing of that information
- Share: Share information unless there is a specific reason to not to share it
- Coordinate: Do not change internal processes but do coordinate efforts
- Benefit: Operate to benefit all participants
- Come together via a Terms of Reference
  - Document signed by stakeholder organizations
  - Provides forum for coordinating the automated integration and sharing of information among stakeholders
  - Establishes structure for cooperation via a Steering Group, executive committee, and project working groups

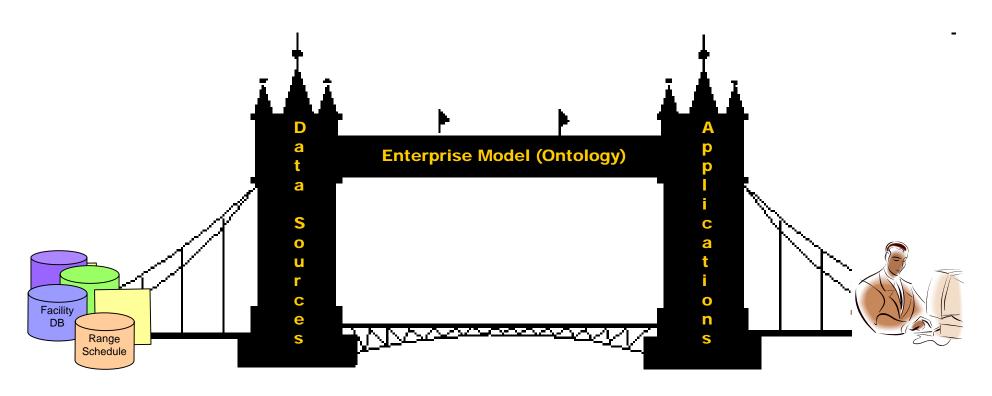






#### Knowledge Management Framework

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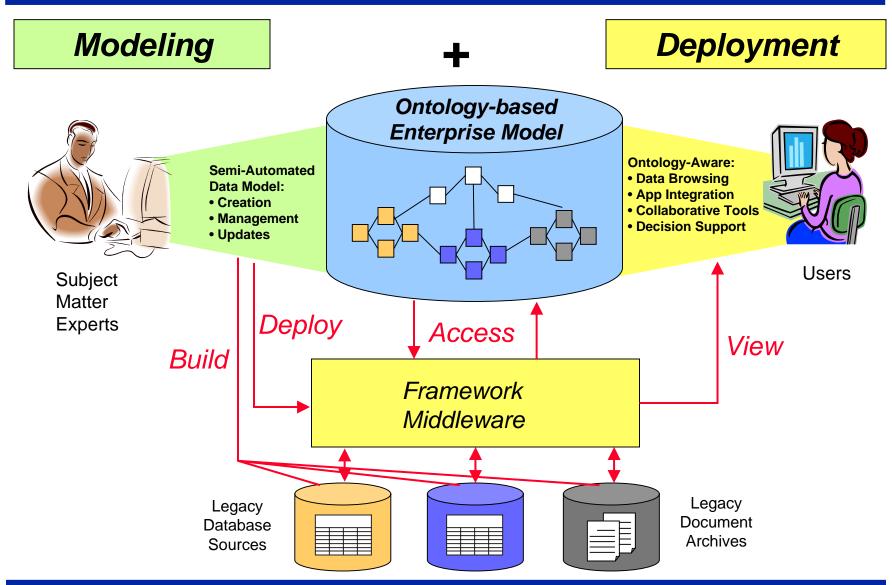


We need a Bridge that connects Users to Data through Applications

Knowledge Management Framework

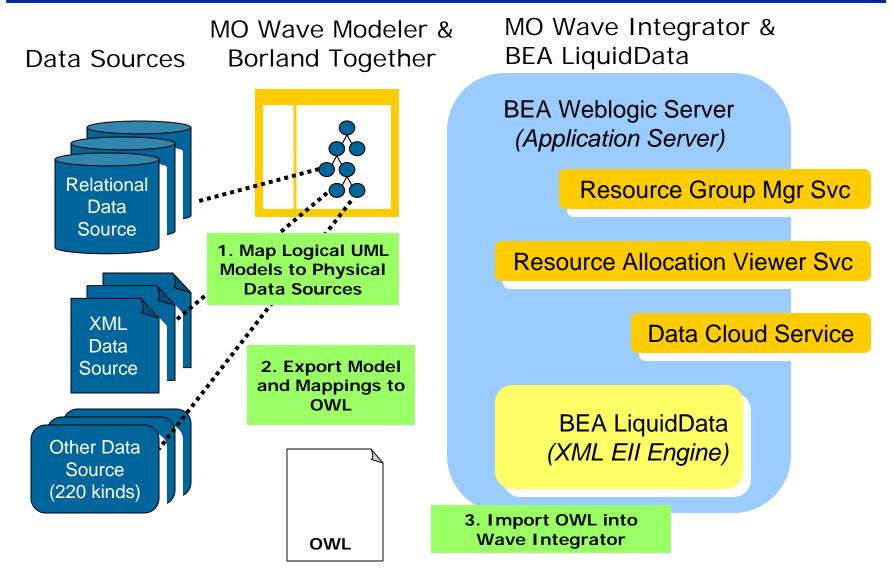


# KMF Modeling & Deployment



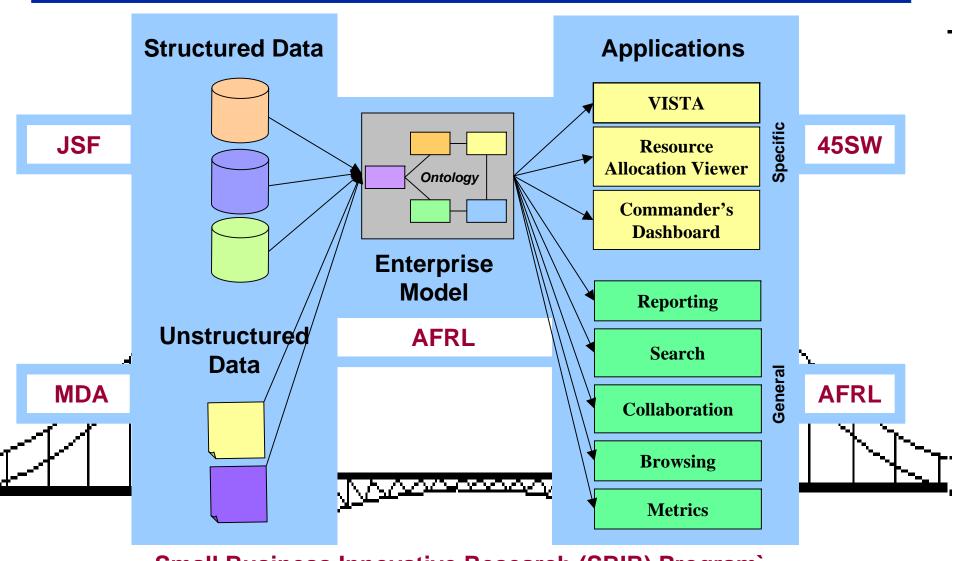


#### How the Architecture Works





# Building the Bridge using SBIRs









#### KM Applications and the SIRP

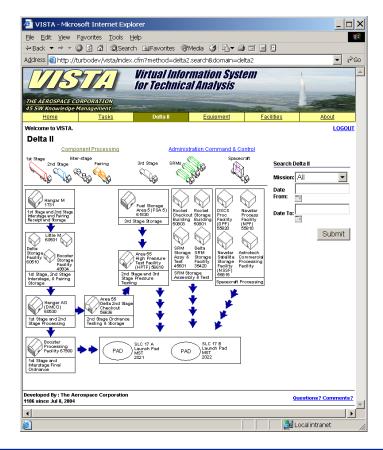
- Applications that use information from the enterprise model combine to create a Single Integrated Range Picture (SIRP)
- Key part of overall effort—what the user actually sees
- Built incrementally--drives development of enterprise model
- Each application must
  - Meet defined user needs and business case requirements
  - Have relatively low cost for high payoff
  - Be based on open standards
  - Support and fit overall architecture
- Two categories of applications
  - General purpose applications to search, browse or report across broad ranges of data unified by the enterprise model
  - Specific applications to solve specific problems
- Schedule visibility is first target for application development
  - Improve visibility into when activities occur by integrating schedule data from different organizations

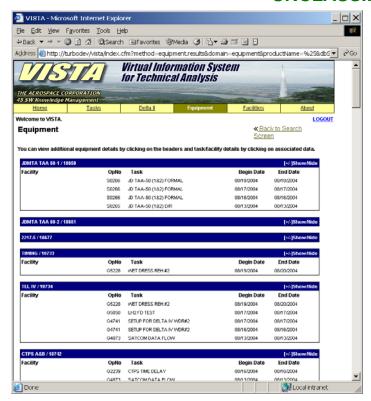


#### Schedule visibility: VISTA

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# VISTA shows user schedules and resource allocations



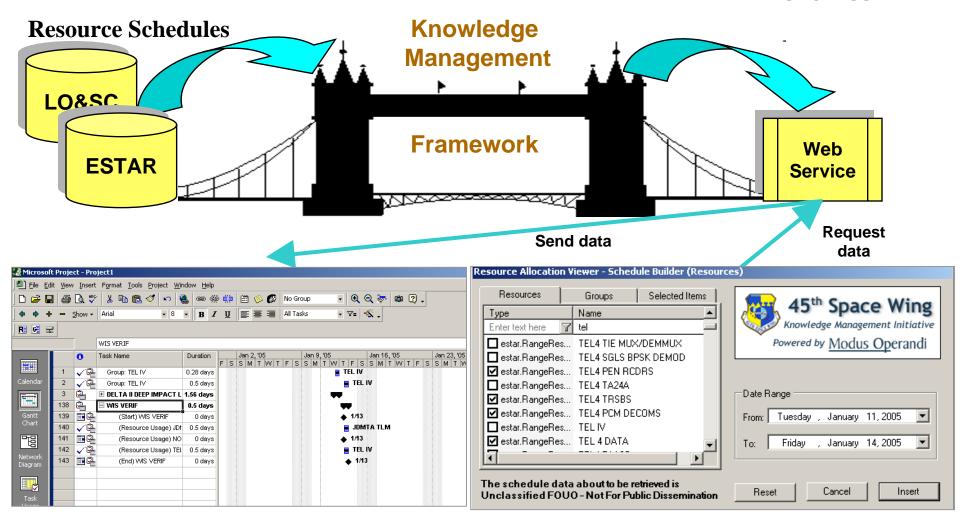


Connects user activity information with resource availability information



#### Resource Allocation Viewer Extension: RAVE

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Resource Allocation Viewer Extension (RAVE) – MS Project Add-in



## People Drive Technology

- Organizational or people concerns constrain the approach and technology used
  - Approach must address every organizational concern
  - Approach must be flexible--tailored to each different organization
  - Agreement on principles is key
  - Develop system in relatively small increments
  - Build trust and support with each successful step
- Concern about losing control is one major source of reluctance
  - Makes a central data warehouse concept difficult to "sell"
  - Federated approach seems more acceptable--organizations still "keep" data
  - Web services are key enabler of federated approach
- Organizations concerned with their immediate needs
  - Focus on specific applications that solve specific user problems
  - Use specific applications to incrementally build overall system



#### Summary

- The virtual enterprise at the Eastern Range has created many organizational and technical challenges for integrating and sharing information
- The vision of the Knowledge Management Initiative is to address these challenges by providing all stakeholders with a Single Integrated Range Picture
- Our approach to implementing the vision follows three parallel paths
  - Build consensus through participation in a Community of Interest
  - Build a framework for dynamically integrating information
  - Rapidly and incrementally build and deploy useful applications that access integrated information through the framework
- The Knowledge Management Initiative is an on-going effort
  - Need for sharing and integrating information continues to grow



#### **Acronyms**

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45 SW 45th Space Wing

AFRL Air Force Research Laboratory

EII Enterprise Information Integration

JBOSC Joint Base Operations Support Contract

JSF Joint Strike Fighter

KM Knowledge Management

KMF Knowledge Management Framework

KMI Knowledge Management Initiative

LOSC Launch Operations and Support Contract

MDA Missile Defense Agency

MO Modus Operandi, Inc.

OWL Web Ontology Language

RAVE Resource Allocation Viewer Extension

RTSC Range technical Services Contract

SBIR Small Business Innovative Research

SIRP Single Integrated Range Picture

VISTA Virtual Information System for Technical Analysis